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DaimlerChrysler AG

Patent Claims

- 1. A belt tensioning unit of a seat belt (1), which can be retracted on a belt reel (4), for an occupant on a seat in a vehicle, in particular motor vehicle, with
 - a return device (6), which is connected in terms of drive to the belt reel, for the automatic shortening of the belt,
 - an extension lock (5) of the belt, which extension lock is effective at predetermined parameters, in particular at a predetermined deceleration or acceleration of the vehicle or of its body and/or when a predetermined extension speed of the belt is exceeded,
 - a sensor system which is capable of recognizing potentially dangerous and/or accident-prone driving situations, and
- 20 a reversible clamping device (8), which interacts with the sensor system and can be driven by means of an associated motor (9), the motor (9) of which clamping device drives the belt reel (4) in the clamping direction of the belt as a function of 25 signals of the sensor system and sets an increased belt tension, characterized in that a two-path transmission (10) is arranged between the motor (9) of the reversible clamping device (8) and the belt reel (4), the paths of which transmission different transmission 30 have ratios with correspondingly different intensification of the torque on the belt reel in comparison to the motor torque.
- 35 2. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the two-path transmission can be switched over by reversing the direction of rotation of the motor (9), and the belt reel (4) rotates relative

to the motor in one direction of rotation when the one path is switched on and in the opposite direction of rotation when the other path is switched on.

5 3. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the paths can be switched on by two freewheels (15, 17; 23, 26), of which the one locks in the one direction of rotation and the other locks in the other direction of rotation of the motor.

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- 4. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that the two-path transmission is designed as a planetary transmission.
- 15 5. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in claim 4, characterized in that the first freewheel (15) is arranged between a stationary part (16) and the planet carrier (14) of the planetary transmission.
- 20 6. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in claim 4 or 5, characterized in that the second freewheel (17) is arranged between planet carrier (14) and sun wheel (12) of the planetary transmission.
- 7. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in claim 3, characterized in that the transmission is designed as a cylindrical transmission with paths arranged in two radial planes at a distance from each other axially.
- 30 8. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in claim 7, characterized in that the first freewheel (23) is arranged in one radial plane between motor shaft (20) and a gearwheel (22) arranged thereon.
- 9. The belting tensioning unit as claimed in claim 7 or 8, characterized in that the second freewheel (26) is arranged in the other radial plane between motor shaft (20) and a gearwheel (25) arranged thereon.

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- 10. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in one of claims 2 to 9, characterized in that there is a rotational clearance between a motor-side part of the input of the transmission (10) and the transmission output, and in that a slipping clutch (30', 30'') is arranged between input and output, via which slipping clutch the transmission output can be driven within the abovementioned clearance in the forward or backward direction depending in each case on the direction of rotation of the transmission input.
- 11. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that between input and output of the two-path transmission (10) there is firstly arranged a direct frictional connection (37) and secondly an interlocking drive train (35, 39, 40, 41), which is stepped down in comparison to the frictional connection and, when the output moves in a direction of movement associated with the clamping direction of the belt reel (4), is free from inevitably being coupled in the direction of the input.
- 12. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in claim 11, characterized in that the interlocking drive train is designed to be self-locking in relation to the transmission of force from the output to the input.
- 13. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in claim 12, characterized in that, in the interlocking drive train, an input worm (40) interacts with an output worm wheel (41).
- 14. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in one of claims 11 to 13, characterized in that the direct frictional connection is designed as a slipping clutch (37).

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- 15. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in one of claims 10 to 14, characterized in that a clutch (31) is arranged between transmission output and belt reel (4), said clutch opening and closing as a function of the direction of rotation of its transmission side.
- 16. The belt tensioning unit as claimed in one of claims 1 to 14, characterized in that a clutch (31) which can be actuated by external power, in particular electrically, is arranged between transmission output and belt reel (4).